

TARIFF DEBATE.

Final Vote at Three O'clock Thursday.

The Bill is Sure to Pass Say Democrats.

FIGHT ON INCOME TAX.

Republicans Will Take No Part In It.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The great tariff debate will close in the house next Thursday at 3 o'clock, when, according to the amended special order under which the house is operating, the vote will be taken on the pending amendments, and the final passage of the bill. The combat during the coming week will relate entirely to the internal revenue bill, which the Democratic caucus decided to place upon the tariff bill as a rider. To-day and to-morrow will be devoted to general debate, and Wednesday to debate upon the five-minute rule, when the internal revenue features will be open to amendment.

Of course the principal opposition will be directed against the income tax, which is being bitterly opposed by the Eastern Democrats. The Republicans, however, will not vote with the Democratic opponents of the income tax, but will either refrain from voting or else, if necessary to make a quorum, vote for it in order to incorporate it in the bill. The attempt to defeat it, therefore, will be hopeless.

When the bill is reported to the house on Thursday three hours will be allowed for closing the debate, one and a half hours on a side. Mr. Reed will close for the Republicans and Mr. Wilson and Speaker Crisp for the Democrats. The indications are that when the bill is placed upon its final passage that it will have a fair margin to carry it.

After the tariff is disposed of on Thursday, a special order will be brought in for the consideration of the Hawaiian matter Friday and Saturday. The McCreary resolution will form the basis of the debate, and while some very lively speeches will probably be made it is expected that it will pass practically by a strict-party vote.

The debate was concluded Saturday night so far as it relates to the customs schedules. The time for offering amendments ceased at 8:30, when the house recessed. There was a great deal of demand from both sides of the house for recognition for the purpose of offering amendments, but Mr. Wilson had the floor and not one of them got it. At least 100 amendments were shut out. A series of amendments to the metal schedule, all making reductions, were agreed to, and the committee reversed its action of a week ago and fixed the time for free wool to go into effect August 2, and the woolen goods to go into effect on December 2. This was done by a change of front on the part of the Republicans who voted on the former occasion to have free wool go into effect upon the passage of the bill.

The last series of amendments considered were those reducing the duty on barley to thirty per cent ad valorem and on barley malt to twenty-five per cent. The Eastern and Western malsters and brewers are fighting over the barley schedule, and Mr. Walker, in presenting a vote by making the point of no motion, a general deal of excitement attended the wind-up. The failure to vote on these amendments will leave them under the terms of the special order when the bill is finally reported to the house. The three days this week will be devoted entirely to consideration of the internal revenue. Morgan of Missouri offered several amendments to the lead ore schedule increasing the duty, but they were all defeated.

GUARDING THE DOLLARS.

Report of the Commission on Safe and Vault Construction.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Acting under authority of congress granted in 1880, the secretary of the treasury appointed a commission consisting of Messrs. Robert Thurston, Theron N. Ely and F. A. Pratt scientific and mechanical experts, to report on the best method of safe and vault construction with a view of renewing or improving the vault facilities of the United States treasury.

The commission first inspected safes and vaults of the treasury and sub-treasury at New York, and afterward inspected the vaults and safes of the great banking and safe deposit companies of the country and elsewhere. They found the funds of these institutions better protected than those of the treasury department so far as mechanical precautions are concerned. The commission recommends vaults instead of safes.

RAILWAY INCOMES.

Receipts and Expenditures as Reported to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—A preliminary report of the incomes and expenditures of railroads in the United States for the year ending June 30, 1893, has just been published by the Interstate Commerce Commission. The report includes the returns from 430 operating companies, whose reports were filed on or before December 1, 1893, and covers the operations of 115,893.88 miles of line, or eighty-seven per cent of the total operated mileage in the United States for that period.

The gross earnings were \$1,085,545, of which \$33,805,628 were from freight service, and \$28,630,876 were other earnings from operations covering receipts from telegraphs, use of cars, switching charges, rents, etc.

The operating expenses were \$715,427,542, 67.74 per cent of the gross earnings, leaving net earnings of \$350,257,749, which is about 3.50 per cent on the capitalization of the roads reporting.

A new feature in this report is the compilation of comparative data for the same roads for the years 1882 and 1893, covering the items of net earnings and dividends. This shows an increase over 1882 in the net earnings of these roads of \$2,774,957, and an increase in dividends of \$1,953,711. The amount carried to surplus account after the reduction of all fixed charges and dividends was \$16,948,409.

These figures do not justify the assertion that the twelve months ending June 30, 1893, brought disaster to railroads and the conclusion therefore that must obtain is that up to that date the railways had not begun to feel to any great extent the effect of the commercial and industrial depression which in the latter part of the year 1893 resulted in placing many roads and other properties in the hands of receivers.

MURDER AT PITTSBURG, KAN.

Mr. William Chapman, an Old Citizen of That Place, Found Murdered.

PITTSBURG, Kan., Jan. 29.—The foulest murder ever committed in the annals of Pittsburg was perpetrated here Saturday night. The victim is William Chapman, a prominent business man, who was found dead under a violin in his store about 8 o'clock yesterday morning by his wife, his throat cut and several other wounds on the face. The perpetrators had taken a rope from the store and tied it tightly around their victim's neck and wrists, binding him so closely that physicians assert that he was strangled as soon as killed by the loss of blood. The utmost confusion was observed in the store, showcases being pulled out of place, boxes overturned, etc., showing that Chapman had made a desperate battle for his life. A bloody knife was found outside the store, where the perpetrators had washed the blood from their hands in the snow.

Twenty-eight cuts in all were found on his body, one on his left arm, which evinced the desperate nature of the struggle. The officers are tracing a clue, but it has yet developed nothing. Bloodhounds will be placed on the trail as soon as they arrive. Two gamblers of the city were arrested last evening and burned to jail. It is said they are suspected.

SEAL PROTECTION NOT SURE.

Outside Nations May Destroy the Antislavery—Regulations Not Yet Ready.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—As the time approaches for putting into force the regulations to protect seal life in Behring sea it becomes more evident that it will be difficult to make regulations in conformity with the recommendations of the Behring scientific and the United States and Great Britain, even by agreement and cooperation, cannot protect seal life beyond the three mile limit of the land and the islands except against their own citizens under their own flag.

Most of the depredations in the past have been committed under the British flag of Canadian sailors. This can be put a stop to, but if the Canadian sailors can sail under the German flag or that of any other nation not a party to the agreement, they cannot be prevented from pursuing a flagless sealing. The task in preparation of regulations is, therefore, the securing of agreements from other nations not to allow their flags to be used to protect predators. The labors of Secretary Gresham and Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador, are believed to be directed to that end.

A Gleaming Pool.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—A determined effort to reorganize the old Illinois pool is in progress. Under cover of all secrecy that impurity could suggest, negotiations have been going on for a month with that object in view, but as yet nothing has been agreed upon.

NEWS NOTES.

CORAL TANNER, the well-known Cora Tanner, has quietly secured a South Dakota divorce from her husband, Colonel Sinn, manager of the Brooklyn opera house.

The pension committee of the house has recommended for pension expenses for the fiscal year ending June 30, \$15,151,511.75, \$15,940,730 less than for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1888.

Prominent citizens of Superior and Duluth are taking steps to secure the Corbett-Jackson fight.

"Parson" Davis is negotiating for a fight between Peter Jackson and "Dwyer" Ed Smith.

While lying in bed with his young wife on one side of him and his 16-months-old babe on the other, George L. Mecum, of Huntington, Pa., pulled a revolver from under his pillow and fired a bullet into his brain.

Train Robber Brady has been found guilty of the murder of Conductor McNally at Oliphant, Ark. He will be sentenced to death.

The estimated deficit of the treasury so far this month is \$10,000,000.

The silver lens one-schedule of the new tariff is causing Missouri mining interests considerable uneasiness.

Representative Heard has been chosen as the Missouri member of the Democratic congressional campaign committee.

Ex-Representative Scott Wike, now assistant secretary of the treasury, is in favor of the income tax.

An elevator in the Oriel hotel, Dallas, Tex., fell six stories, injuring four persons seriously.

Joseph Asplen committed suicide at Indianapolis by jumping into a vat of boiling water.

One patient murdered another in the Central asylum for the insane, seven miles from Nashville, Tenn.

There is a good deal of talk of an intention of the German emperor calling Count Herbert Bismarck back to the diplomatic service.

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James McCullough, who was postmaster at Waverly, N. J., under Harrison, has been arrested for refusing to give up the office to his successor.

Tryour Irish stew at 730 Kansas avenue.

BOND ISSUE VALID.

So Says Mr. Carlisle in His Statement.

Fifty-second Congress Also So Decided.

TO CORRECT ERRORS,

The Secretary Deemed a True Statement Necessary.

New York, Jan. 29.—John G. Carlisle, secretary of the treasury, has made public the following statement:

"It has been erroneously published in some newspapers that the committee on the judiciary of the house of representatives had agreed to end and reported a resolution denying the authority of the secretary of the treasury to issue and sell bonds, as proposed in the recent circular, and these publications have evidently made an unfavorable impression upon the minds of some who contemplated making bids for these securities. The only resolution to relation to this subject that has been before the committee is as follows:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of the house of representatives that the secretary, having no authority to issue and sell bonds, except such as is conferred upon him by the act approved January 24, 1873, entitled 'An act to provide for the redemption of surplus gold bullion,' and under that act cannot be lawfully used except for the purpose of redemption."

The average reduction is 5.41 per cent and the average reduction per month 5.2.

In the railroad history of America this new schedule of the Union Pacific will undoubtedly stand as one of the most carefully prepared documents ever presented to a federal judge designed by a railroad company to tide it over rapidly decreasing earnings.

A BATTLE WITH RIOTERS.

An Engagement Occurs Near Steen's Mine, Pennsylvania.

MANSFIELD, Pa., Jan. 29.—Never before did the streets of Mansfield present such a scene of excitement as they did yesterday evening. News had just arrived that a battle was in progress at W. J. Steen's mines on Tom's Run, between a band of rioters and a force of deputies. Hundreds of people thronged the streets in front of the justice's office to hear the verdict, and a large crowd had gathered about the station to hear the latest from the skirmish. The report was brought by W. J. Steen, operator of the mines which bear his name. He came to Mansfield to secure more deputies. It is said an engagement took place between the forces in which a number of shots were fired. What the result is has not been learned. Mr. Steen reported that a number of the rioters had been captured and are being locked up in empty freight cars as a temporary jail. Sheriff Richards has gone to the scene.

Franz Joseph Strop, the clover who was shot during the battle at the Steen mine Saturday, is dead.

IT DIDN'T WORK.

A Train Robber Inside of a Stuffed Buffalo Captured.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Jan. 29.—A train robber named John Dalton was captured by one of the Northwestern express messengers. Dalton had himself express on the inside of a stuffed buffalo, but the game was spoiled by his removing one of the animal's glass eyes, through the socket of which he stuck a six shooter, covering the messenger. The latter, however, escaped from its deadly range and jumped upon the back of the stuffed animal. It caved in and he dropped on the floor inside and sat on him until the next station was reached, when he was turned over to the authorities. The safe contained \$50,000.

It Was in the Chamber of Deputies.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—In the chamber of deputies Saturday during an interpolation of the government on the arrest of anarchists a socialist member deplored the president to put him out when requested to leave the chamber. Thirty of his socialist colleagues created such an uproar that the military had to be called in order to preserve order and the sitting was permanently adjourned.

A Reception by the Tops.

ROCKVILLE, Jan. 29.—Pope Leo XIII gave a reception yesterday in St. Peter's to the clergy and Catholic laity of this city. Twelve thousand persons were present and greeted the pontiff with prolonged cheering. He looked well, except he was a trifle paler than usual. He did not appear fatigued, although the ceremonies lasted two hours and a half.

Mitchell Didn't Materialize.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—James J. Corbett appeared at the benefit tendered tonight to Billy Madden, the old-time pugilist. He was enthusiastically received. It was announced Charley Mitchell would also appear to give a speech at private parties and socials of reasonable prices. Tel. 289.

Shoe Factories Destroyed.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 29.—Fire completely destroyed the five-story building occupied by the Western boot and shoe company, and the Bernard-Jordan shoe company, with all contents. Two hundred and fifty people are thrown out of employment.

ARTZ MET HUGHES.

They Strike the Right Hand of Fellowship in the Lodge Room.

Adjutant General Artz was initiated a member of Shawsne Lodge No. 244, Ancient Order United Workmen. Friday evening, and Col. J. W. F. Hughes extended the right hand of fellowship after the initiation.

The two warriors entirely forgot their hostilities, and met as brothers.

Grand Master Workman Ed Murphy of Lawrence, witnessed the initiation of the Kansas adjutant general.

Clearance Shoe Sale, Payne's.

ENJOINED FROM STRIKING.

Union Pacific Employees Have Their Pay Cut and Are Prohibited From Quitting.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 29.—On Union Pacific labor circles were stirred to the utmost depths when the order of Judge Dundy reducing wages on the system was made public. All employees in every department are affected by the cut, which amounts to nearly ten per cent. Judge Dundy went his brothers on the Federal bench one better, and, not only enjoined the men from striking, but cut their pay and ordered them to work on at reduced pay.

The proposed schedule does not change the rate of pay on the Nebraska, Kansas and Colorado divisions except on light eight-wheel engines, sixteen and seventeen-inch cylinders.

By the proposed schedule the wages paid engineers, firemen, hostlers and wipers will be reduced sixty-one-hundredths of a cent per mile, and the wages, \$1.50 cents per mile, will be in excess of that paid by any of the twenty-seven roads mentioned in the statement except the Misouri, Kansas and Texas and Great Northern.

In Nebraska on trainmen the cut is from \$1 to \$1 per month, conductors suffering less and brakemen most.

The schedule is very carefully prepared, covering everything that could be considered a portion of a brakeman's or conductor's work and specifying what he shall receive for the same. Telegraph operators are remembered in the petition, and while no schedule is fixed, as the receivers deem such wholly unnecessary, it is agreed that \$15 shall be the minimum wage per month paid in Nebraska and Kansas, with a proportional larger minimum west.

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In the railroad history of America this new schedule of the Union Pacific will undoubtedly stand as one of the most carefully prepared documents ever presented to a federal judge designed by a railroad company to tide it over rapidly decreasing earnings.

Early as it may appear we are daily receiving new goods in large quantities. We will not endeavor to explain why, but there does seem to be a depression in prices and we are not slow to take advantage of it.

Sixty pieces of Henrietta just arrived. All the staple colors and new shades for spring.

Also a large lot of new and desirable Outing Flannels, New Ginghams and Satines, as well as a large stock of Table Linens on which we will make very low prices this week.

This week we make the following prices, the lowest ever given on wide sheetings:

8-4 Unbleached 15c a yard, reg. price 20c

9-4 " 17c " " 22c

10-4 " 19c " " 24c

8-4 Bleached 17c " " 22c

9-4 " 19c " " 24c

10-4 " 21c " " 26c

In the Clothing Department we have some lines of Boys' Waists that we will close out this week at a great loss. Fine Wool and Tennis Flannel Waists, some with laced fronts and some button fronts, that sold at 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25, all at the one figure,

48 CTS. FOR CHOICE.

S. Barnum & Co.

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